

1. Product and Company Iden PRODUCT NUMBER:				
	1391	COM	ANY PHONE:	1-800-241-8180
PRODUCT NAME:	ODOR EASE	EMER	GENCY TELEPHONE:	1-800-241-8180
PRODUCT DESCRIPTION:	Odor Eliminator			1-800-535-5053
COMPANY INFORMATION:	PRO CHEM, INC. 1475 Bluegrass Lakes Park Alpharetta, GA 30004			
2. Hazards Identification				
GHS CLASSIFICATION: Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Effects) Category 3 Eye Irritation: Category 2A Aerosols: Category 1	- Single Exposure (Narcotic	SIGNAL WORD: DANGER.	SYMBOL:	
H319 - Causes seriou PRECAUTIONARY STATEME General: P101 - If mo P102 - Keep out of re P103 - Read label be Prevention: P261 - A P271 - Use only outd P264 - Wash thoroug P280 - Wear protection P210 - Keep away fro P211 - Do not spray of P251 - Do not pierce Response: P304 + P	NTS: edical advice is needed, have each of children. fore use. Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/ oors or in a well-ventilated are hy after handling. ve gloves/protective clothing/e om heat, hot surfaces, sparks, on an open flame or other ignit or burn, even after use. P340 - IF INHALED: Remove p N CENTER or doctor/physiciar	'mist/vapors/spray. a. ye protection/face prote open flames and other ion source. erson to fresh air and k n if you feel unwell.	ction. ignition sources. No smoking. eep comfortable for breathing.	
P305 + P351 + P338 rinsing. P337 + P313 - If eye Storage: P403 + P40 P410 + P412 - Protec	irritation persists: Get medical 05 - Store in a well-ventilated p ct from sunlight. Do not expose	advice/attention. lace. Store locked up. to temperatures excee	ding 50°C/122°F.	ses, if present and easy to do. Continue
P305 + P351 + P338 rinsing. P337 + P313 - If eye Storage: P403 + P40 P410 + P412 - Protec Disposal: P501 - Dis	irritation persists: Get medical 05 - Store in a well-ventilated p ct from sunlight. Do not expose pose of contents and containe	advice/attention. lace. Store locked up. to temperatures excee	ding 50°C/122°F.	
P305 + P351 + P338 rinsing. P337 + P313 - If eye Storage: P403 + P40 P410 + P412 - Protec Disposal: P501 - Dis 3. Composition / Information	irritation persists: Get medical 05 - Store in a well-ventilated p ct from sunlight. Do not expose pose of contents and containe	advice/attention. lace. Store locked up. e to temperatures excee er in accordance with all	ding 50°C/122°F. local, regional, national and ir	ternational regulations.
P305 + P351 + P338 rinsing. P337 + P313 - If eye Storage: P403 + P40 P410 + P412 - Protec Disposal: P501 - Dis	irritation persists: Get medical 05 - Store in a well-ventilated p ct from sunlight. Do not expose pose of contents and containe	advice/attention. lace. Store locked up. e to temperatures excee er in accordance with all	ding 50°C/122°F. local, regional, national and ir	
P305 + P351 + P338 rinsing. P337 + P313 - If eye Storage: P403 + P40 P410 + P412 - Protec Disposal: P501 - Dis 3. Composition / Information Chemical Name	irritation persists: Get medical 05 - Store in a well-ventilated p ct from sunlight. Do not expose pose of contents and containe	advice/attention. lace. Store locked up. to temperatures excee r in accordance with all	ding 50°C/122°F. local, regional, national and ir CAS C	ternational regulations.
P305 + P351 + P338 rinsing. P337 + P313 - If eye Storage: P403 + P40 P410 + P412 - Protec Disposal: P501 - Dis 3. Composition / Information Chemical Name Ethyl Alcohol	irritation persists: Get medical 05 - Store in a well-ventilated p ct from sunlight. Do not expose pose of contents and containe	advice/attention. lace. Store locked up. to temperatures excee r in accordance with all 0000	ding 50°C/122°F. local, regional, national and ir CAS C 0064-17-5	ternational regulations. concentration % by Weight 40% - 60%
P305 + P351 + P338 rinsing. P337 + P313 - If eye Storage: P403 + P40 P410 + P412 - Protec Disposal: P501 - Dis 3. Composition / Information Chemical Name Ethyl Alcohol Butane Propane Isopropyl Alcohol	irritation persists: Get medical 05 - Store in a well-ventilated p ct from sunlight. Do not expose pose of contents and containe on Ingredients	advice/attention. lace. Store locked up. to temperatures excee r in accordance with all 0000 0000 0000 0000	ding 50°C/122°F. local, regional, national and ir CAS C 0064-17-5 0106-97-8 0074-98-6 0067-63-0	ternational regulations. concentration % by Weight 40% - 60% 10% - 20% 10% - 20% 5% - 15%
P305 + P351 + P338 rinsing. P337 + P313 - If eye Storage: P403 + P40 P410 + P412 - Protec Disposal: P501 - Dis 3. Composition / Information Chemical Name Ethyl Alcohol Butane Propane	irritation persists: Get medical 05 - Store in a well-ventilated p ct from sunlight. Do not expose pose of contents and containe on Ingredients	advice/attention. lace. Store locked up. to temperatures excee r in accordance with all 0000 0000 0000 0000	ding 50°C/122°F. local, regional, national and ir CAS C 0064-17-5 0106-97-8 0074-98-6 0067-63-0	ternational regulations. concentration % by Weight 40% - 60% 10% - 20% 10% - 20% 5% - 15%

5. Fire-Fighting Measures

SUITABLE EXTINGUISHING MEDIA:

Use water, fog, dry chemical or carbon dioxide. Carbon dioxide can displace oxygen. Use caution when applying carbon dioxide in confined spaces. Simultaneous use of foam and water on the same surface is to be avoided as water destroys the foam.

UNSUITABLE EXTINGUISHING MEDIA:

Water may be ineffective but can be used to cool containers exposed to heat or flame.

SPECIFIC HAZARDS ARISING FROM THE CHEMICAL:

Contents under pressure. Keep away from ignition sources and open flames. Exposure of containers to extreme heat and flames can cause them to rupture, often with violent force. Aerosol cans may rupture when heated. Heated cans may burst. In fire, will decompose to carbon dioxide, carbon monoxide.

SPECIFIC FIRE-FIGHTING METHODS:

Isolate immediate hazard area and keep unauthorized personnel out. Stop spill/release, if it can be done safely. Move undamaged containers from immediate hazard area, if it can be done safely. Water spray may be useful in minimizing or dispersing vapors and to protect personnel. Dispose of fire debris and contaminated extinguishing water in accordance with official regulations.

SPECIAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT ACTIONS:

Wear protective pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and full turnout gear. Care should always be exercised in dust/mist areas.

6. Accidental Release Measures

EMERGENCY PROCEDURE:

Flammable/combustible material. ELIMINATE all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks or flames in immediate area). Stay upwind; keep out of low areas. Immediately turn off or isolate any source of ignition. Keep unnecessary people away; isolate hazard area and deny entry. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Clean up immediately. Use absorbent sweeping compound to soak up material and put into suitable container for proper disposal.

RECOMMENDED EQUIPMENT:

Safety glasses, gloves. Positive pressure, full-face piece self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA), or positive pressure supplied air respirator with escape SCBA (NIOSH approved).

PERSONAL PRECAUTIONS:

ELIMINATE all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks or flames in immediate area). Use explosion-proof equipment. Avoid breathing vapor. Avoid contact with skin, eye or clothing. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled materials unless wearing appropriate protective clothing.

ENVIRONMENTAL PRECAUTIONS:

Stop spill/release, if it can be done safely. Prevent spilled material from entering sewers, storm drains, other unauthorized drainage systems and natural waterways by using sand, earth or other appropriate barriers.

7. Handling and Storage

GENERAL: For industrial and institutional use only. For use by trained personnel only. Keep away from children. Wash hands after use. Do not get in eyes, on skin or on clothing. Do not breathe vapors or mists. Use good personal hygiene practices. Eating, drinking and smoking in work areas is prohibited. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. Eyewash stations and showers should be available in areas where this material is used and stored.

VENTILATION ROOM REQUIREMENTS:

Use only with adequate ventilation to control air contaminants to their exposure limits. The use of local ventilation is recommended to control emissions near the source.

STORAGE ROOM REQUIREMENTS:

Keep container(s) tightly closed and properly labeled. Store in cool, dry, well-ventilated areas away from heat, direct sunlight and incompatibilities. Store in approved containers and protect against physical damage. Keep containers securely sealed when not in use. Indoor storage should meet OSHA standards and appropriate fire codes. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed to prevent leakage. Empty container retain residue and may be dangerous. Do not cut, drill, grind, weld, or perform similar operations on or near containers. Do not pressurize containers to empty them. Ground all structures, transfer containers and equipment to conform to the national electrical code. Use procedures that prevent static electrical sparks. Static electricity may accumulate and create a fire hazard. Store at temperatures below 120°F.

8. Exposure Controls / Personal Protection PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT:



EYE/FACE PROTECTION: Chemical goggles, safety glasses with side shields or vented/splash proof goggles. Contact lenses may absorb irritants. Particles may adhere to lenses and cause corneal damage.

SKIN PROTECTION: Wear gloves, long sleeved shirt, long pants and other protective clothing as required to minimize skin contact. Use of gloves approved to relevant standards made from the following materials may provide suitable chemical protection: PVC, neoprene or nitrile rubber gloves. Suitability and durability of a glove is dependent on usage, e.g. frequency and duration of contact, chemical resistance of glove material, glove thickness and dexterity. Always seek advice from glove suppliers. Contaminated gloves should be replaced. Chemicalresistant clothing is recommended to avoid prolonged contact. Avoid unnecessary skin contact.

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION: If engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentrations to a level which is adequate to protect worker, a respiratory protection program that meets or is equivalent to OSHA 29 CFR 1910.134 and ANSI Z88.2 should be followed. Check with respiratory protective equipment suppliers. Where air-filtering respirators are suitable, select an appropriate combination of mask and filter. Select a filter suitable for combined particulate/organic gases and vapors. When spraying more than one half can continuously or more than one consecutively, use NIOSH approved respirate

Carr corrs	ecutively	, use mos	n appio	veu respii	alor.							
Chemical Name	OSHA	OSHA	OSHA	OSHA	OSHA-		OSHA	NIOSH	NIOSH	NIOSH	NIOSH	
	TWA	TWA	STEL	STEL	Tables-	OSHA	Skin	TWA	TWA	STEL	STEL	NIOSH
	(ppm)	(mg/m³)	(ppm)	(mg/m ³)	Z1, Z2, Z3	Carcinogen	designation	(ppm)	(mg/m ³)	(ppm)	(mg/m ³)	Carcinogen
Butane								800	1900			
Ethyl Alcohol	1000	1900			1			1000	1900			

	980			1			400	980	500	1225	
Propane 1000	1800			1		_	1000	1800			
Chamical Name		J T\A/ A /m				ar (m ³)		(10.000)			m m /m ³)
Chemical Name	ACGIH	H TWA (pj	pm)	AC	GIH TWA (m	ig/m)	ACGIH STEL	(ppm)	ACG	IH STEL (mg/m)
Butane		1000									
Ethyl Alcohol Isopropyl Alcohol		200					100				
Propane	Sec Au	ppendix F	- Minim	al			40	0			
Flopane		xygen Co		ai							
. Physical & Chemical Prop	erties										
ppearance:		Clear.			Flamn	nability:		Flas	hpoint bel	ow 73°F.	
)dor:		Alcohol.				Regulatory			77292 g/l		
Odor Threshold:		Not ava			Densi				324 lb/gal		
/iscosity: H:		Not avai				ty VOC: Regulatory:			900 lb/gal 900 lb/gal		
Nelting/Freezing Point:		Not avai			% VO		•		900 lb/gai		
Boiling Point/Range:		Not avai				Actual:			900 lb/gal		
lash Point Symbol:	<u> </u>	Not ava	ilable.		VOC A	Actual:			77292 g/l		
lash Point:		<0°F				nposition I			available.		
apor Density:		Slower t		.		gnition Te	•		available.		
vaporation Rate:		Slower t Complet		er.		Explosion Explosion			available. available.		
olubility (water).		Comple	ie.		Lower	Explosio	i Levei.	NUL	avaliable.		
None known. IAZARDOUS REACTIONS/P Will not occur. IAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITI In fire, will decompositi In formation In fire, will decomposition In formation In fire, will decomposition In fire, will decomposition In fire, will decomposition In fire, will decomposition In data available. In fire, will decomposition In fire, will decomposition In fire, will decomposition In fire, will decomposition In fire, will decomposite In f	ION PROE se to carbo ON: ause defat ITATION: ause redne Y: TIZATION: TOXICITY So or dizzi TOXICITY overexpos result in uni- /L ALCOH So mg/kg (4 3450 mg/kg	DUCTS: ion dioxide tting of sk ess and b same include triness. 7 - Repeat sure include the conscioues 40L: LC5 41); 10600 (/kg (1, und	e, carbo in. ourning s Exposu ted Exp des irrita sness a o (mou: 0 (mou: 0 mg/kg	sensation. Jre: osure: ation of res nd possibl se): Appro	spiratory trac y death. ximately 210)00 ppm (4					

0000106-97-8 BUTANE: LC50 (mouse): 202000 ppm (481000 mg/m³) (4-hour exposure); cited as 680 mg/L (2-hour exposure) (9) LC50 (rat): 276000 ppm (658000 mg/m³) (4-hour exposure); cited as 658 mg/L (4-hour exposure) (9)

POTENTIAL HEALTH EFFECTS:

0000064-17-5 ETHYL ALCOHOL: The following medical conditions may be aggravated by exposure: liver disease. Tests in some laboratory animals indicate this compound may have embryotoxic activity. Tests in animals demonstrate reproductive toxicity. Ingestion may cause any of the following: stupor (central nervous system depression), gastrointestinal irritation. If absorbed through the skin, may be: harmful.
0000067-63-0 ISOPROPYL ALCOHOL: The following medical conditions may be aggravated by exposure: dermatitis, respiratory disease. Developmental toxicity was seen in rats offspring at doses that were maternally toxic. Contact will cause moderate to severe redness and swelling, itching, tingling sensation, painful burning. May cause injury to the cornea of the eyes. Prolonged or repeated exposure may cause damage to any of the following organs/systems: liver. Ingestion studies on laboratory animals showed that very high oral doses caused increased liver and kidney weights.

* Estimates for product may be based on additional component data not shown.

12. Ecological Information

TOXICITY:

No data available. PERSISTENCE AND DEGRADABILITY: No data available. BIOACCUMULATIVE POTENTIAL: No data available. MOBILITY IN SOIL: No data available.

OTHER ADVERSE EFFECTS: No data available.

13. Disposal Consideration

WATER DISPOSAL

Under RCRA, it is the responsibility of the user of the product, to determine at the time of disposal whether the product meets RCRA criteria for hazardous waste. Waste management should be in full compliance with federal, state, and local laws.

Empty containers retain product residue which may exhibit hazards of material, therefore do not pressurize, cut, glaze, weld or use for any other purposes. Return drums to reclamation centers for proper cleaning and reuse.

14. Transportation Information

US DOT INFORMATION: Not regulated. IMDG INFORMATION:

Not regulated.

IATA INFORMATION:

Not regulated.

15. Regulatory Information

S. Regulatory mon		-	
CAS	Chemical Name	% By Weight	Regulation List
0000064-17-5	Ethyl Alcohol	40% - 60%	SARA312,VOC,TSCA,ACGIH,OSHA
0000106-97-8	Butane	10% - 20%	SARA312,VOC,TSCA,ACGIH
0000074-98-6	Propane	10% - 20%	SARA312,VOC,TSCA,ACGIH,OSHA
0000067-63-0	Isopropyl Alcohol	5% - 15%	SARA312,VOC,TSCA,ACGIH,OSHA

16. Other Information

GLOSSARY:

* There are points of differences between OSHA GHS and UN GHS. In 90% of the categories, they can be used interchangeably, but for the Skin Corrosion/Irritant Category and the Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Single and Repeated Exposure) Categories. In these cases, our system will say UN GHS.

ACGIH- American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists; ANSI- American National Standards Institute; Canadian TDG- Canadian Transportation of Dangerous Goods; CAS- Chemical Abstract Service; Chemtrec- Chemical Transportation Emergency Center (US); CHIP-Chemical Hazard Information and Packaging; DSL- Domestic Substances List; EC- Equivalent Concentration; EH40 (UK)- HSE Guidance Note EH40 Occupational Exposure Limits; EPCRA- Emergency Planning and Community Right-To-Know Act; ESL- Effects screening levels; HMIS-Hazardous Material Information Service; LC- Lethal Concentration; LD- Lethal Dose; NFPA- National Fire Protection Association; OEL-Occupational Exposure Limits; OSHA- Occupational Safety and Health Administration, US Department of Labor; PEL- Permissible Exposure Limit; SARA (Title III)- Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act; SARA 313- Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act, Section 313; SCBA- Self-Contained Breathing Apparatus; STEL- Short Term Exposure Limit; TCEQ

-Texas Commission on Environmental Quality; TLV- Threshold Limit Value; TSCA- Toxic Substances Control Act Public Law 94-469; TWA -Time Weighted Value; US DOT- US Department of Transportation; WHMIS- Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System.

DISCLAIMER:

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