





# SAFETY DATA SHEET

## 1. Product and Company Identification

<b>PRODUCT NUMBER:</b>	2727	<b>COMPANY PHONE:</b>	1-800-241-8180
<b>PRODUCT NAME:</b>	SLITHER BULK	<b>EMERGENCY TELEPHONE:</b>	1-800-241-8180
<b>PRODUCT DESCRIPTION:</b>	Penetrant Lubricant	<b>INFOTRAC:</b>	1-800-535-5053
<b>COMPANY INFORMATION:</b>	<b>PRO CHEM, INC.</b> 1475 Bluegrass Lakes Parkway Alpharetta, GA 30004		

## 2. Hazards Identification

<b>GHS CLASSIFICATION:</b> Acute aquatic Toxicity: Category 3 Acute toxicity Dermal: Category 5 Acute toxicity Oral: Category 4 Aspiration Hazard: Category 1 Carcinogenicity: Category 1B Chronic Aquatic Toxicity: Category 3 Eye Irritation: Category 2 Flammable Liquids: Category 4 Germ Cell Mutagenicity: Category 1B Skin Irritation: Category 2	<b>SIGNAL WORD:</b> <b>DANGER</b>	<b>SYMBOL:</b>		
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### HAZARD STATEMENTS:

**Physical:**

H227 - Combustible Liquid.

**Health:**

H313 - May be harmful in contact with skin.

H302 - Harmful if swallowed.

H304 - May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H350 - May cause cancer.

H319 - Causes serious eye irritation.

H340 - May cause genetic defects.

H315 - Causes skin irritation.

**Environmental:**

H412 - Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

### PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS:

**General:**

P101 - If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

P102 - Keep out of reach of children.

P103 - Read label before use.

**Prevention:**

P273 - Avoid release to the environment.

P264 - Wash thoroughly after handling.

P270 - Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

P201 - Obtain special instructions before use.

P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

P280 - Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

**Response:**

P312 - Call a POISON CENTER/doctor if you feel unwell.

P330 - Rinse mouth.

P301 + P310 - IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.

P331 - Do NOT induce vomiting.

P308 + P313 - IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P337 + P313 - If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

P370 + P378 - In case of fire: Use dry chemical, foam or carbon dioxide to extinguish.

P302 + P352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.

P321 - For specific treatment see section 4 of SDS.

P332 + P313 - If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

P362 + P364 - Take off contaminated clothing. And wash it before reuse.

**Storage:**

P405 - Store locked up.

P403 - Store in a well-ventilated place.

**Disposal:**

P501 - Dispose of contents/container to disposal recycling center. Under RCRA it is the responsibility of the user of the product to determine at the time of disposal whether the product meets RCRA criteria for hazardous waste. Waste management should be in full compliance with federal, state and local laws.

### 3. Composition / Information on Ingredients

Chemical Name	CAS	Concentration % by Weight
AROMATIC HYDROCARBON MIXTURE >C9	64742-95-6	42% - 69%
CHLORINATED PARAFFINS	63449-39-8	7% - 16%
ETHYLENE GLYCOL MONOBUTYL ETHER	111-76-2	5% - 10%
Petroleum Base Oil B	64742-53-6	5% - 10%
MINERAL OIL, SLAB OIL	8042-47-5	2% - 3%
PINE OIL	8002-09-3	1.1% - 3%
1-Decene, homopolymer, hydrogenated	68037-01-4	1.1% - 2%
ISOPARAFFINIC PETROLEUM DISTILLATE	64742-47-8	0.1% - 3%
Specific chemical identity and/or exact percentage (concentration) of the composition has been withheld to protect confidentiality.		

### 4. First Aid Measures

#### EMERGENCY OVERVIEW

**EYES:** Remove source of exposure or move person to fresh air. Rinse eyes cautiously with lukewarm, gently flowing water for several minutes, while holding the eyelids open. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing for a duration of 15-20 minutes. Take care not to rinse contaminated water into the unaffected eye or onto the face. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

**SKIN:** Take off contaminated clothing, shoes and leather goods (e.g. watchbands, belts). Wash with plenty of lukewarm, gently flowing water for a duration of 15-20 minutes. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

#### INHALATION:

Remove source of exposure or move person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. If exposed/If you feel unwell/If concerned: Call a POISON CENTER/doctor. Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so.

#### INGESTION:

Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor. Do NOT induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs naturally, lie on your side, in the recovery position.

### 5. Fire Fighting Measures

#### SUITABLE FIRE EXTINGUISHING MEDIA:

Dry chemical, foam, carbon dioxide. Water spray may be useful in minimizing or dispersing vapors and to protect personnel. Carbon dioxide can displace oxygen. Use caution when applying carbon dioxide in confined spaces. Simultaneous use of foam and water on the same surface is to be avoided as water destroys the foam. Sand or earth may be used for small fires only.

#### UNSUITABLE FIRE EXTINGUISHING MEDIA:

Do not direct a solid stream of water or foam into hot, burning pools as this may result in frothing and increase fire intensity.

#### SPECIFIC HAZARDS ARISING FROM THE CHEMICAL:

Isolate immediate hazard area and keep unauthorized personnel out. Stop spill/release if it can be done safely. Move undamaged containers from immediate hazard area if it can be done safely. Water spray may be useful in minimizing or dispersing vapors and to protect personnel. Water may be ineffective but can be used to cool containers exposed to heat or flame. Caution should be exercised when using water or foam as frothing may occur, especially if sprayed into containers of hot, burning liquid. Dispose of fire debris and contaminated extinguishing water in accordance with official regulations.

#### SPECIFIC FIRE-FIGHTING METHODS:

During a fire, irritating and highly toxic gases may be generated during combustion or decomposition. High temperatures can cause sealed containers to rupture due to a build up of internal pressures. Cool with water. Empty Containers retain product residue which may exhibit hazards of material, therefore do not pressurize, cut, glaze, weld or use for any other purposes. Container could potentially burst or be punctured upon mechanical impact, releasing flammable vapors.

#### SPECIAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT FOR FIREFIGHTERS:

Wear protective pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and full turnout gear.

### 6. Accidental Release Measures

#### EMERGENCY PROCEDURE:

ELIMINATE all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks or flames in immediate area). Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Isolate hazard area and keep unnecessary people away. Remove all possible sources of ignition in the surrounding area. Notify authorities if any exposure to the general public or the environment occurs or is likely to occur. If spilled material is cleaned up using a regulated solvent, the resulting waste mixture may be regulated.

#### RECOMMENDED EQUIPMENT:

Wear liquid tight chemical protective clothing in combination with positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA).

#### PERSONAL PRECAUTIONS:

Avoid breathing vapor. Avoid contact with skin, eye or clothing. ELIMINATE all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks or flames in immediate area). Do not touch damaged containers or spilled materials unless wearing appropriate protective clothing.

#### ENVIRONMENTAL PRECAUTIONS:

Stop spill/release if it can be done safely. Prevent spilled material from entering sewers, storm drains, other unauthorized drainage systems and natural waterways by using sand, earth, or other appropriate barriers.

#### METHODS AND MATERIALS FOR CONTAINMENT AND CLEANING UP:

Absorb liquids in vermiculite, dry sand, earth, or similar inert material and deposit in sealed containers for disposal.

### 7. Handling and Storage

#### SAFE HANDLING:

Wash hands after use. Do not get in eyes, on skin or on clothing. Do not breathe vapors or mists. Use good personal hygiene practices. Eating, drinking and smoking in work areas is prohibited. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. Eyewash stations and showers should be available in areas where this material is used and stored.

#### VENTILATION REQUIREMENTS:

Use only with adequate ventilation to control air contaminants to their exposure limits. The use of local ventilation is recommended to control emissions near the source.

**STORAGE ROOM REQUIREMENTS:**

Do not cut, drill, grind, weld or perform similar operations on or near containers. Do not pressurize containers to empty them. Store at temperatures below 120°F.

**8. Exposure Controls / Personal Protection****APPROPRIATE ENGINEERING CONTROLS:**

Provide exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep the airborne concentrations of vapors below their respective threshold limit value.

Chemical Name	OSHA TWA (ppm)	OSHA TWA (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	OSHA STEL (ppm)	OSHA STEL (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	OSHA Tables (Z1, Z2, Z3)	OSHA Carcinogen	OSHA Skin Designation	NIOSH TWA (ppm)	NIOSH TWA (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	NIOSH STEL (ppm)
AROMATIC HYDROCARBON MIXTURE>C9	500	2,000			1					
ETHYLENE GLYCOL MONOBUTYL ETHER	50	240			1		1	5	24	
ISOPARAFFINIC PETROLEUM DISTILLATE	500	2000			1					
MINERAL OIL, SLAB OIL										
Petroleum Base Oil B	500	2000			1					

Chemical Name	NIOSH STEL (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	NIOSH Carcinogen	ACGIH TWA (ppm)	ACGIH TWA (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	ACGIH STEL (ppm)	ACGIH STEL (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )
AROMATIC HYDROCARBON MIXTURE>C9			(L)[N159](L)[N800]	[(L)[N159](L)[N800]]; [5 (I)[N159]5 (I)[N800]];		
ETHYLENE GLYCOL MONOBUTYL ETHER			20			
ISOPARAFFINIC PETROLEUM DISTILLATE			(L)[N159](L)[N800]	[(L)[N159](L)[N800]]; [5 (I)[N159]5 (I)[N800]];		
MINERAL OIL, SLAB OIL			(L)	[(L)]; [5 (I)];		
Petroleum Base Oil B			(L)[N159](L)[N800]	[(L)[N159](L)[N800]]; [5 (I)[N159]5 (I)[N800]];		

(L) - Exposure by all routes should be carefully controlled to levels as low as possible.

**INDIVIDUAL PROTECTION MEASURES, SUCH AS PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT:**

**Eye Protection:** Wear eye protection with side shields or goggles. Wear indirect-vent, impact and splash resistant goggles when working with liquids. If additional protection is needed for entire face, use in combination with a face shield.

**Skin Protection:** Use of gloves approved to relevant standards made from the following materials may provide suitable chemical protection: PVC, neoprene or nitrile rubber gloves. Suitability and durability of a glove is dependent on usage, e.g. frequency and duration of contact, chemical resistance of glove material, glove thickness, dexterity. Always seek advice from glove suppliers. Contaminated gloves should be replaced. Use of an apron and over-boots of chemically impervious materials such as neoprene or nitrile rubber is recommended to avoid skin sensitization. The type of protective equipment must be selected according to the concentration and amount of the dangerous substance at the specific workplace. Launder soiled clothes or properly disposed of contaminated material, which cannot be decontaminated.

**Respiratory Protection:** If engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentrations to a level which is adequate to protect worker, a respiratory protection program that meets or is equivalent to OSHA 29 CFR 1910.134 and ANSI Z88.2 should be followed. Check with respiratory protective equipment suppliers.

**9. Physical & Chemical Properties**

<b>Appearance:</b>	Not applicable.	<b>Density:</b>	7.60936 lb/gal
<b>Odor:</b>	Not applicable.	<b>Density VOC:</b>	5.36787 lb/gal
<b>VOC Regulatory(g/l):</b>	643.23200 g/l	<b>Density VOC Less H2O and Exempts(g/l):</b>	730.20100 g/l
<b>% VOC:</b>	70.54290%		

**10. Stability & Reactivity Information****CHEMICAL STABILITY:**

Stable under normal storage and handling conditions.

**HAZARDOUS REACTIONS/POLYMERIZATION:**

Will not occur.

**INCOMPATIBLE MATERIALS:**

Avoid strong oxidizers, reducers, acids and alkalis.

**CONDITIONS TO AVOID:**

Avoid heat, sparks, flame, high temperature and contact with incompatible materials. Dropping containers may cause bursting.

**HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS:**

No data available.

## 11. Toxicological Information

### SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION:

Prolonged or repeated contact with this product may dry and/or defat the skin. This product may be harmful if it is absorbed through the skin. Causes skin irritation.

0000111-76-2 ETHYLENE GLYCOL MONOBUTYL ETHER

Can irritate the skin. May affect the central nervous system, blood, kidneys and liver. Exposure can cause headache, dizziness and light headedness.

### SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/IRRITATION:

Eye contact may lead to permanent damage if not treated promptly. Liquid or vapors may irritate the eyes. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. Eye contact may lead to permanent damage if not treated promptly. Causes serious eye irritation.

0000111-76-2 ETHYLENE GLYCOL MONOBUTYL ETHER

Can irritate the eyes. Can irritate the skin.

0064742-47-8 ISOPARAFFINIC PETROLEUM DISTILLATE

The vapour is mildly irritating to the eyes.

### RESPIRATORY/SKIN SENSITIZATION:

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

0000111-76-2 ETHYLENE GLYCOL MONOBUTYL ETHER

Can irritate the eyes. Can irritate the respiratory tract.

0064742-47-8 ISOPARAFFINIC PETROLEUM DISTILLATE

The substance defats the skin, which may cause dryness or cracking.

### GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY:

May cause genetic defects.

### CARCINOGENICITY:

May cause cancer.

### REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY:

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

0000111-76-2 ETHYLENE GLYCOL MONOBUTYL ETHER

Can irritate the respiratory tract.

### SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE:

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

0000111-76-2 ETHYLENE GLYCOL MONOBUTYL ETHER

May affect the central nervous system, blood, kidneys and liver. Exposure can cause headache, dizziness and lightheadedness.

0064742-47-8 ISOPARAFFINIC PETROLEUM DISTILLATE

May cause effects on the central nervous system.

### SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED EXPOSURE:

Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

### ASPIRATION HAZARD:

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

0008042-47-5 MINERAL OIL, SLAB OIL

If this liquid is swallowed, aspiration into the lungs may result in chemical pneumonitis.

### ACUTE TOXICITY:

If inhaled, may cause dizziness, nausea, upper respiratory irritation, drowsiness, mental depression or narcosis, difficulty in breathing, irregular heart beats. May be harmful in contact with skin. Harmful if swallowed.

0008042-47-5 MINERAL OIL, SLAB OIL

LD50 (Rat, oral): > 5000 mg/kg, Reference: REACH registration Dossier.

0064742-47-8 ISOPARAFFINIC PETROLEUM DISTILLATE

If swallowed, can easily enter the airways and could result in aspiration pneumonitis.

If swallowed, can easily enter the airways and could result in aspiration pneumonitis. Inhalation of high concentrations may cause dizziness, anesthesia, unconsciousness.

### LIKELY ROUTES OF EXPOSURE:

Inhalation, Ingestion, Skin contact, Eye contact

Aspiration into the lungs when swallowed or vomited may cause chemical pneumonitis which can be fatal.

0000111-76-2 ETHYLENE GLYCOL MONOBUTYL ETHER

The substance can be absorbed into the body by inhalation, through the skin and by ingestion.

0064742-47-8 ISOPARAFFINIC PETROLEUM DISTILLATE

The substance can be absorbed into the body by inhalation of its vapour and by ingestion.

### POTENTIAL HEALTH EFFECTS – MISCELLANEOUS:

0000111-76-2 ETHYLENE GLYCOL MONOBUTYL ETHER

Can be absorbed through the skin in harmful amounts. May cause injury to the kidneys, liver, blood and/or bone marrow. Repeated overexposure may result in damage to the blood. Eye contact may cause corneal injury. Has been toxic to the fetus in laboratory animals at doses that are toxic to the mother.

0064742-95-6 AROMATIC HYDROCARBON MIXTURE >C9

The following medical conditions may be aggravated by exposure: skin disorders. Laboratory studies with rats have shown that petroleum distillates can cause kidney damage and kidney or liver tumors. These effects were not seen in similar studies with guinea pigs, dogs, or monkeys. Several studies evaluating petroleum workers have not shown a significant increase of kidney damage or an increase in kidney or liver tumors.

0000111-76-2 ETHYLENE GLYCOL MONOBUTYL ETHER

LC50 (female rat): 450 ppm (4-hour exposure) (2)

LC50 (male rat): 486 ppm (4-hour exposure) (2)

LD50 (oral, male weanling rat): 3000 mg/kg (1)

LD50 (oral, 6-week old male rat): 2400 mg/kg (1)

LD50 (oral, yearling male rat): 560 mg/kg (1)

LD50 (oral, female rat): 530 mg/kg; 2500 mg/kg (1) LD50 (oral, male mouse): 1230 mg/kg (1)

LD50 (oral, rabbit): 320 mg/kg (1)

LD50 (dermal, male rabbit): 406 mg/kg (cited as 0.45 mL/kg) (1)

0064742-53-6 Petroleum Base Oil B

LC50 (Rodent - rat, Inhalation) : 2180 mg/m3 (4 hours exposure) Toxic effects : Lungs, Thorax, or Respiration - structural or functional change in trachea or bronchi.

LD50 (Rodent - rat, Oral) : >5000 mg/kg, Toxic effects : Behavioral - somnolence (general depressed activity).

LD50 (Rodent - rabbit, Administration onto the skin) : >2000 mg/kg, Toxic effects : Skin and Appendages - primary irritation (after topical exposure)

## 12. Ecological Information

### TOXICITY:

Harmful to aquatic life. Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

### PERSISTENCE AND DEGRADABILITY:

0000111-76-2 ETHYLENE GLYCOL MONOBUTYL ETHER

Readily biodegradable.

0008042-47-5 MINERAL OIL, SLAB OIL

Inherently biodegradable, but not readily biodegradable.

0064742-47-8 ISOPARAFFINIC PETROLEUM DISTILLATE

Expected to be inherently biodegradable. The volatile constituents will oxidize rapidly by photochemical reactions in air.

### BIOACCUMULATIVE POTENTIAL:

No data available.

### MOBILITY IN SOIL:

0064742-47-8 ISOPARAFFINIC PETROLEUM DISTILLATE

Floats on water. Contains volatile constituents. Evaporates within a day from water or soil surfaces. Large volumes may penetrate soil and could contaminate groundwater.

### OTHER ADVERSE EFFECTS:

No data available.

### RESULTS OF THE PBT AND VPVB ASSESSMENT:

0000111-76-2 ETHYLENE GLYCOL MONOBUTYL ETHER

The substance is not PBT / vPvB.

0008042-47-5 MINERAL OIL, SLAB OIL

This substance is not PBT/vPvB

## 13. Disposal Consideration

### WASTE DISPOSAL:

Under RCRA it is the responsibility of the user of the product to determine at the time of disposal whether the product meets RCRA criteria for hazardous waste. Waste management should be in full compliance with federal, state and local laws. Empty Containers retain product residue which may exhibit hazards of material, therefore do not pressurize, cut, glaze, weld or use for any other purposes. Return drums to reclamation centers for proper cleaning and reuse.

## 14. Transportation Information

### U.S. DOT INFORMATION:

**Shipping Name:** Combustible liquids, N.O.S., (ETHYLENE GLYCOL MONOBUTYL ETHER, PINE OIL)

**UN/NA #:** 1993

**Hazard Class:** Combustible liquid

**Packing Group:** III

### IMDG INFORMATION:

**Shipping Name:** Combustible liquids, N.O.S., (ETHYLENE GLYCOL MONOBUTYL ETHER, PINE OIL)

**UN/NA #:** 1993

**Hazard Class:** Combustible liquid

**Packing Group:** III

### IATA INFORMATION:

**Shipping Name:** Combustible liquids, N.O.S., (ETHYLENE GLYCOL MONOBUTYL ETHER, PINE OIL)

**UN/NA #:** 1993

**Hazard Class:** Combustible liquid

**Packing Group:** III

## 15. Regulatory Information

Chemical Name	CAS #	% by Wt	Regulation List
AROMATIC HYDROCARBON MIXTURE >C9	64742-95-6	42% - 69%	Canada NPRI, DSL, SARA312, VOC, TSCA
CHLORINATED PARAFFINS	63449-39-8	7% - 16%	SARA313, DSL, SARA312, TSCA
ETHYLENE GLYCOL MONOBUTYL ETHER	111-76-2	5% - 10%	SARA313, Canada NPRI, DSL, CERCLA, SARA312, VOC, TSCA
Petroleum Base Oil B	64742-53-6	5% - 10%	DSL, SARA312, VOC, TSCA
MINERAL OIL, SLAB OIL	8042-47-5	2% - 3%	DSL, SARA312, TSCA
PINE OIL	8002-09-3	1.1% - 2%	DSL, SARA312, VOC, TSCA
1-Decene, homopolymer, hydrogenated	68037-01-4	1.1% - 2%	DSL, SARA312, TSCA
ISOPARAFFINIC PETROLEUM DISTILLATE	64742-47-8	0.1% - 3%	Canada NPRI, DSL, SARA312, VOC, TSCA
Product does not contain any chemicals listed under California Proposition 65			

## 16. Other Information

### GLOSSARY:

ACGIH- American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists; ANSI- American National Standards Institute; Canadian TDG Canadian Transportation of Dangerous Goods; CAS- Chemical Abstract Service; Chemtrec- Chemical Transportation Emergency Center (US); CHIP- Chemical Hazard Information and Packaging; DSL- Domestic Substances List; EC- Equivalent Concentration; EH40 (UK)- HSE Guidance Note EH40 Occupational Exposure Limits; EPCRA- Emergency Planning and Community Right-To-Know Act; ESLEffects screening levels; HMIS- Hazardous Material Information Service; LC- Lethal Concentration; LD- Lethal Dose; N.A. - Not Available;

NFPA- National Fire Protection Association; OEL- Occupational Exposure Limits; OSHA- Occupational Safety and Health Administration, US Department of Labor; PEL- Permissible Exposure Limit; SARA (Title III)- Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act; SARA 313- Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act, Section 313; SCBA- Self-Contained Breathing Apparatus; STEL- Short Term Exposure Limit; TCEQ- Texas Commission on Environmental Quality; TLV- Threshold Limit Value; TSCA- Toxic Substances Control Act Public Law 94-469; TWA- Time Weighted Value; US DOT- US Department of Transportation; WHMIS- Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System.

**DISCLAIMER:**

To the best of our knowledge, information contained herein is accurate. However, there is no assumption of liability for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein. Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazard, which exists. The information contained in this SDS was obtained from current and reliable sources; however, the data is provided without any warranty, expressed or implied, regarding its correctness or accuracy. Since the conditions or handling, storage and disposal of this product are beyond the control of the manufacturer, the manufacturer will not be responsible for loss, injury, or expense arising out of the products improper use. No warranty, expressed or inferred, regarding the product described in this SDS shall be created or inferred by any statement in this SDS. Various government agencies may have specific regulations regarding the transportation, handling, storage, use, or disposal of this product, which may not be covered by this SDS. The user is responsible for full compliance.