


SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. Product and Company Identification			
PRODUCT NUMBER:	1830	COMPANY PHONE:	1-800-241-8180
PRODUCT NAME:	BRAKE AWAY II	EMERGENCY TELEPHONE:	1-800-535-5053
PRODUCT DESCRIPTION:	Aerosol Non-Chlorinated Brake Parts Cleaner	INFOTRAC:	1-800-535-5053
COMPANY INFORMATION:	PRO CHEM, INC. 1475 Bluegrass Lakes Parkway Alpharetta, GA 30004		

2. Hazards Identification		
GHS CLASSIFICATION: Specific Target Organ Toxicity-Single exposure (Narcotic Effects)-Category 3 Aspiration Hazard-Category 1 Skin Irritation-Category 2 Eye Irritation-Category 2A Aerosols-Category 1 Chronic Aquatic Toxicity - Category 1 Acute Aquatic Toxicity - Category 1 Acute Toxicity, Oral - Category 5	SIGNAL WORD: DANGER	SYMBOL: 

HAZARD STATEMENTS: H222, H229 - Extremely flammable aerosol. Pressurized container may burst if heated. H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness. H304 - May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. H315 - Causes skin irritation. H319 - Causes serious eye irritation. H410 - Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS: General: P101 - If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand. P102 - Keep out of reach of children. P103 - Read label before use.
Prevention: P261 - Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray. P271 - Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. P264 - Wash thoroughly after handling. P280 - Wear eye protection/face protection. P273 - Avoid release to the environment. P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. P211 - Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. P251 - Do not pierce or burn, even after use.
Response: P304 + P340 - IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. P312 - Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell. P301 + P310 - IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician. P331 - Do NOT induce vomiting. P302 + P352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. P332 + P313 - If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. P362 + P364 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. P337 + P313 - If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. P391 - Collect spillage.
Storage: P403 + P405 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Store locked up. P410 - Protect from sunlight. P412 - Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122°F.
Disposal: P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

3. Composition / Information on Ingredients		
Chemical Name	CAS	Concentration % by Weight
Acetone	40-55	0000067-64-1
n-Heptane	35-45	0000142-82-5
CO ₂	3-5	0000124-38-9

4. First Aid Measures	
EMERGENCY OVERVIEW	
EYES:	Remove source of exposure or move person to fresh air. Rinse eyes cautiously with lukewarm, gently flowing water for several minutes, while holding the eyelids open. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing for a duration of 15-20 minutes. Take care not to rinse contaminated water into the unaffected eye or onto the face. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.
SKIN:	Take off immediately all contaminated clothing, shoes and leather goods (e.g. watchbands, belts). Gently blot or brush away excess product. Wash with plenty of lukewarm, gently flowing water for a duration of 15-20 minutes. Call a POISON CENTER/doctor if you feel unwell. Store

contaminated clothing under water and wash before reuse or discard.

INHALATION:

Remove source of exposure or move person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. If exposed/feel unwell/concerned: Call a POISON CENTER/doctor. Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so.

INGESTION:

Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor. If vomiting occurs naturally, lie on your side in the recovery position. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious or convulsing victim. Keep person warm and quiet.

5. Fire-Fighting Measures

SUITABLE FIRE EXTINGUISHING MEDIA:

Use water, fog, dry chemical or carbon dioxide. Carbon dioxide can displace oxygen. Use caution when applying carbon dioxide in confined spaces. Simultaneous use of foam and water on the same surface is to be avoided as water destroys the foam.

UNSUITABLE FIRE EXTINGUISHING MEDIA:

Water may be ineffective but can be used to cool containers exposed to heat or flame.

SPECIFIC HAZARDS ARISING FROM THE CHEMICAL:

Contents under pressure. Keep away from ignition sources and open flames. Exposure of containers to extreme heat and flames can cause them to rupture, often with violent force. Aerosol cans may rupture when heated. Heated cans may burst. In fire, will decompose to carbon dioxide, carbon monoxide.

SPECIFIC FIRE-FIGHTING METHODS:

Isolate immediate hazard area and keep unauthorized personnel out. Stop spill/release, if it can be done safely. Move undamaged containers from immediate hazard area if it can be done safely. Water spray may be useful in minimizing or dispersing vapors and to protect personnel.

Dispose of fire debris and contaminated extinguishing water in accordance with official regulations.

SPECIAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT FOR FIREFIGHTERS:

Wear protective pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and full turnout gear. Care should always be exercised in dust/mist areas.

6. Accidental Release Measures

PERSONAL PRECAUTIONS:

ELIMINATE all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks or flames in immediate area). Use explosion proof equipment. Avoid breathing vapor. Avoid contact with skin, eye or clothing. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled materials unless wearing appropriate protective clothing.

ENVIRONMENTAL PRECAUTIONS:

Stop spill/release, if it can be done safely. Prevent spilled material from entering sewers, storm drains, other unauthorized drainage systems and natural waterways by using sand, earth or other appropriate barriers.

RECOMMENDED EQUIPMENT:

Safety glasses, gloves, vapor respirator.

EMERGENCY PROCEDURE:

Flammable/combustible material.

ELIMINATE all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks or flames in immediate area). Stay upwind; keep out of low areas. Immediately turn off or isolate any source of ignition. Keep unnecessary people away; isolate hazard area and deny entry. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Cleanup immediately. Use absorbent sweeping compound to soak up material and put into suitable container for proper disposal.

7. Handling and Storage

SAFE HANDLING:

For industrial and institutional use only. For use by trained personnel only. Keep away from children. Wash hands after use. Do not get in eyes, on skin or on clothing. Do not breathe vapors or mists. Use good personal hygiene practices. Eating, drinking and smoking in work areas is prohibited. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. Eyewash stations and showers should be available in areas where this material is used and stored.

SAFE STORAGE & INCOMPATIBILITIES:

Ventilation Requirements: Use only with adequate ventilation to control air contaminants to their exposure limits. The use of local ventilation is recommended to control emissions near the source.

Storage Room Requirements: Keep container(s) tightly closed and properly labeled. Store in cool, dry, well-ventilated areas away from heat, direct sunlight and incompatibilities. Store in approved containers and protect against physical damage. Keep containers securely sealed when not in use. Indoor storage should meet OSHA standards and appropriate fire codes. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed to prevent leakage. Empty containers retain residue and may be dangerous. Do not cut, drill, grind, weld or perform similar operations on or near containers. Do not pressurize containers to empty them. Ground all structures, transfer containers and equipment to conform to the national electrical code. Use procedures that prevent static electrical sparks. Static electricity may accumulate and create a fire hazard.

Store at temperatures below 120°F.

8. Exposure Controls / Personal Protection

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT:



Eye/Face Protection: Chemical goggles, safety glasses with side shields or vented/splash proof goggles. Contact lenses may absorb irritants. Particles may adhere to lenses and cause corneal damage.

Skin Protection: Wear gloves, long sleeved shirt, long pants and other protective clothing as required to minimize skin contact. Use of gloves approved to relevant standards made from the following materials may provide suitable chemical protection: PVC, neoprene or nitrile rubber gloves. Suitability and durability of a glove is dependent on usage, e.g. frequency and duration of contact, chemical resistance of glove material, glove thickness, dexterity. Always seek advice from glove suppliers. Contaminated gloves should be replaced. Chemical-resistant clothing is recommended to avoid prolonged contact. Avoid unnecessary skin contact.

Respiratory Protection: If engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentrations to a level which is adequate to protect worker, a respiratory protection program that meets or is equivalent to OSHA 29 CFR 1910.134 and ANSI Z88.2 should be followed. Check with respiratory protective equipment suppliers. Where air-filtering respirators are suitable, select an appropriate combination of mask and filter. Select a filter suitable for combined particulate/organic gases and vapors. When spraying more than one half can continuously or more than one can consecutively, use NIOSH approved respirator.

Chemical Name	OSHA TWA (ppm)	OSHA TWA (mg/m ³)	OSHA STEL (ppm)	OSHA STEL (mg/m ³)	OSHA-Tables- (Z1, Z2, Z3)	OSHA Carcinogen	OSHA Skin Designation	NIOSH TWA (ppm)	NIOSH TWA (mg/m ³)	NIOSH STEL (ppm)	NIOSH STEL (mg/m ³)	NIOSH Carcinogen
Acetone	1000	2400			1			250	590			
CO ₂	5000	9000			1			5000	9000	30000	54000	
n-heptane	500	2000			1			85	350			

Chemical Name	ACGIH TWA (ppm)	ACGIH TWA (mg/m ³)	ACGIH STEL (ppm)	ACGIH STEL (mg/m ³)
Acetone	500	1188	750	1782
CO ₂	5000	9000	30000	54000
n-heptane	400	1640	500	2050

9. Physical & Chemical Properties

Appearance:	Not available.	Flammability(solid/gas):	Flashpoint below 73°F.
Odor:	Not available.	Explosive Limit-Lower (%):	Not available.
Odor Threshold:	Not available.	Explosive Limit-Upper (%):	Not available.
pH:	Not available.	Vapor Density:	Slower than ether.
Melting/Freezing Point:	Not available.	Solubility (water):	Not available.
Boiling Point/Range:	Not available.	Auto-Ignition Temp:	Not available.
Viscosity:	Not available.	Decomposition Temp:	Not available.
Flash Point Symbol:	Not available.	Evaporation Rate:	Slower than ether.
Flash Point:	Not available.	Density:	6.23469 lb/gal.
% VOC:	45.00000%	Density VOC:	2.80561 lb/gal.
VOC Actual:	2.80561 lb/gal.	VOC Actual:	336.19608 g/l.
VOC Regulatory:	2.80561 lb/gal.	VOC Regulatory:	336.19608 g/l.

10. Stability & Reactivity Information

CHEMICAL STABILITY:

Stable.

POSSIBILITY OF HAZARDOUS REACTIONS:

Will not occur.

CONDITIONS TO AVOID:

High temperatures.

INCOMPATIBLE MATERIALS:

None known.

HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS:

In fire, will decompose to carbon dioxide, carbon monoxide.

11. Toxicological Information

PRIMARY ROUTE OF ENTRY:

Eyes: Overexposure will cause redness and burning sensation.

Skin: Overexposure will cause defatting of skin.

ACUTE TOXICITY:

Inhalation: Effect of overexposure include irritation of respiratory tract, headache, dizziness, nausea and loss of coordination. Extreme overexposure may result in unconsciousness and possibly death.

Components	Species	Test Results
0000142-82-5 n-Heptane		
Acute		
<i>Inhalation</i>		
LC50	Rat	Approximately 25000 ppm (4-hour exposure); cited as 103 g/m ³ (4-hour exposure) (6)
<i>Oral</i>		
LD50	Rat	Greater than 15000 mg/kg (4)
0000067-64-1 Acetone		
Acute		
<i>Inhalation</i>		
LC50	Male Rat Male Mouse	30000 ppm (4-hour exposure); cited as 71000 mg/m ³ (4-hour exposure) (29) 18600 ppm (4-hour exposure); cited as 44000 mg/m ³ (4-hour exposure) (29)
<i>Oral</i>		
LD50	Female Rat Mature Rat Newborn Rat Mouse Rabbit	5800 mg/kg (24) 6700 mg/kg (cited as 8.5 mL/kg) (31) 1750 mg/kg (cited as 2.2 mL/kg) (31) 3000 mg/kg (32, unconfirmed) Greater than 16000 mg/kg cited as 20 mL/kg) (30)

GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY:

No data available.

CARCINOGENICITY:

No data available.

REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY:

No data available.

RESPIRATORY SENSITIZATION:

No data available.

SKIN SENSITIZATION:

No data available.

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY -Single Exposure:

May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY -Repeated Exposure:

No data available.

ASPIRATION HAZARD:

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

POTENTIAL HEALTH EFFECTS:

0000067-64-1 ACETONE: The following medical conditions may be aggravated by exposure: lung disease, eye disorders, skin disorders. Overexposure may cause damage to any of the following organs/systems: blood, central nervous system, eyes, kidneys, liver, respiratory system, skin.

0000142-82-5 N-HEPTANE: Increased susceptibility to the effects of this material may be observed in people with preexisting disease of any of the following: central nervous system, respiratory system, skin. May cause central nervous system effects such as dizziness, headache, nausea and loss of consciousness. Laboratory studies with rats have shown that petroleum distillates can cause kidney damage and kidney or liver tumors. These effects were not seen in similar studies with guinea pigs, dogs or monkeys. Several studies evaluating petroleum workers have not shown a significant increase of kidney damage or an increase in kidney or liver tumors. Aspiration may occur during swallowing or vomiting, resulting in lung damage.

12. Ecological Information**ECOTOXICITY:**

No data available.

Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

PERSISTENCE AND DEGRADABILITY:

No data available.

0000067-64-1 Acetone: 91% readily biodegradable, Method: OECD Test Guideline 301B.

BIOACCUMULATIVE POTENTIAL:

No data available.

0000067-64-1 Acetone: Does not bioaccumulate.

MOBILITY IN SOIL:

No data available.

OTHER ADVERSE EFFECTS:

No data available.

13. Disposal Consideration**DISPOSAL INSTRUCTIONS:**

Under RCRA, it is the responsibility of the user of the product to determine at the time of disposal whether the product meets RCRA criteria for hazardous waste. Waste management should be in full compliance with federal, state and local laws.

WASTE FROM RESIDUES/UNUSED PRODUCTS:

Empty containers retain product residue which may exhibit hazards of material; therefore, do not pressurize, cut, glaze, weld or use for any other purposes. Return drums to reclamation centers for proper cleaning and reuse.

14. Transportation Information**DOT:** Consumer Commodity, ORM-D**IATA:** Consumer Commodity, ORM-D**IMDG:** Consumer Commodity, ORM-D**15. Regulatory Information**

CAS	Chemical Name	% By Weight	Regulation List
0000067-64-1	Acetone	40-55	CERCLA, SARA312, TSCA, RCRA, ACGIH, OSHA
0000124-38-9	CO ₂	3-5	SARA312, TSCA, ACGIH, OSHA
0000142-82-5	n-Heptane	35-45	SARA312, VOC, TSCA, ACGIH, OSHA

16. Other Information**DISCLAIMER:**

To the best of our knowledge, information contained herein is accurate. However, there is no assumption of liability for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein. Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazard, which exists. The information contained in this SDS was obtained from current and reliable sources; however, the data is provided without any warranty, expressed or implied, regarding its correctness or accuracy. Since the conditions or handling, storage and disposal of this product are beyond the control of the manufacturer, the manufacturer will not be responsible for loss, injury, or expense arising out of the products improper use. No warranty, expressed or inferred, regarding the product described in this SDS shall be created or inferred by any statement in this SDS. Various government agencies may have specific regulations regarding the transportation, handling, storage, use, or disposal of this product, which may not be covered by this SDS. The user is responsible for full compliance.