

| 1. Product and Company Iden | tification | | |
|--|--|--|----------------|
| PRODUCT NUMBER: | 1769 | COMPANY PHONE: | 1-800-241-8180 |
| PRODUCT NAME: | MP SILICONE | EMERGENCY TELEPHONE: | 1-800-241-8180 |
| PRODUCT DESCRIPTION: | Aerosol Heavy-Duty Silicone Spra | y INFOTRAC: | 1-800-535-5053 |
| COMPANY INFORMATION: | PRO CHEM, INC. 1475 Bluegrass Lakes Parkway Alpharetta, GA 30004 | | |
| 2. Hazards Identification | | | |
| GHS CLASSIFICATION: Specific Target Organ Toxicity - S - Category 3 Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Aspiration Hazard - Category 1 Skin Irritation - Category 2 Aerosol - Category 1 Eye Irritation - Category 2 Reproductive Toxicity - Category Flammable Liquids - Category 2 Chronic aquatic toxicity - Category HAZARD STATEMENTS: Physical: H225 - Highly flammal H222, H229 - Extreme Health: H336 - May cause dro H373 - May cause dro H373 - May cause dro H374 - May be fatal if H315 - Causes skin in H319 - Causes seriou H361 - Suspected of o Environmental: H412 - Harmful to aqu PRECAUTIONARY STATEMEN General: P101 - If medical advii P102 - Keep out of rea P103 - Read label bef Prevention: P210 - Keep away froi P273 - Avoid release t P280 - Wear protectiv P211 - Do not spray o P251 - Do not pierce o P261 - Avoid breathin P271 - Use only outdo P260 - Do not breathe P260 - Do not breathe P264 - Wash thorougf P201 - Obtain special P202 - Do not handle Response: P303 + P361 + P353 - P370 + P378 - In case P304 + P340 - IF INH, P312 - Call a POISON P314 - Get medical adv P301 + P310 - IF SW/ P331 - Do NOT induce P302 + P352 - IF ON P332 + P313 - If skin i P362 + P364 - Take o P305 + P351 + P338 - rinsing. P337 + P313 - If eye i P308 + P313 - If eye i P308 + P313 - IF expo | ble liquid and vapor. ely flammable aerosol, Pressurized consistences or dizziness. mage to organs through prolonged or swallowed and enters airways. itation. Is eye irritation. Iamaging fertility or the unborn child. Iatic life with long lasting effects. ITS: ce is needed, have product container ach of children. ore use. Im heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flation to the environment. e gloves/protective clothing/eye protentiated area. g dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray. Nors or in a well-ventilated area. e dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray. Instructions before use. until all safety precautions have beer IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediated free: Use water fog, dry chemical, ALED: Remove person to fresh air ar I CENTER or doctor/physician if you wice/attention if you feel unwell. ALLOWED: Immediately call a POISC e vomiting. SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and rritation occurs: Get medical advice/or ff contaminated clothing, and wash it - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with v rritation persists: Get medical advice/or ff contaminated clothing, and wash it - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with v rritation persists: Get medical advice/or fire oncerned: Get medical advice/or fire oncerned: Get medical advice/or fire oncerned: Get medical advice/or for oncerned: Get medical advice/or fire oncerned: Get medical advice/or for once | r repeated exposure. r or label at hand. ames and other ignition sources. No smoking. ection/face protection. rce. n read and understood. ediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin wi or carbon dioxide to extinguish. nd keep comfortable for breathing. feel unwell. DN CENTER or doctor/physician. water. attention. before reuse. vater for several minutes. Remove contact lense /attention. | |
| P403 - Store in a well- P405 - Store locked u | | | |

P410 - Protect from sunlight. P412 - Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122°F.

Disposal:

P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

| 3. Composition / Information on Ingredients | | | | | |
|---|--------------|---------------------------|--|--|--|
| CHEMICAL NAME | CAS | CONCENTRATION % by WEIGHT | | | |
| ACETONE | 0000067-64-1 | 18-32 | | | |
| BUTANE | 0000106-97-8 | 13-24 | | | |
| HEXANE | 0000110-54-3 | 13-23 | | | |
| PROPANE | 0000074-98-6 | 5-11 | | | |
| ISOBUTANE | 0000075-28-5 | 5-11 | | | |
| ISOPARAFFINIC PETROLEUM DISTILLATE | 0064742-47-8 | 4-10 | | | |
| SILICONE | 0063148-62-9 | 3-6 | | | |

4. First Aid Measures

EMERGENCY OVERVIEW

EYES: Remove source of exposure or move person to fresh air. Rinse eyes cautiously with lukewarm, gently flowing water for several minutes, while holding the eyelids open. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing for a duration of 15-20 minutes. Take care not to rinse contaminated water into the unaffected eye or onto the face. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

SKIN: Take off immediately all contaminated clothing, shoes and leather goods (e.g. watchbands, belts). Gently blot or brush away excess product. Wash with plenty of lukewarm, gently flowing water for a duration of 15-20 minutes. Call a POISON CENTER/doctor if you feel unwell. Store contaminated clothing under water and wash before reuse or discard.

INHALATION:

Remove source of exposure or move person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. If exposed/feel unwell/concerned: Call a POISON CENTER/doctor. Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so.

INGESTION:

Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor. If vomiting occurs naturally, lie on your side, in the recovery position.

Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious or convulsing victim. Keep person warm and quiet.

5. Fire Fighting Measures

SUITABLE FIRE EXTINGUISHING MEDIA:

Use water, fog, dry chemical, or carbon dioxide. Carbon dioxide can displace oxygen. Use caution when applying carbon dioxide in confined spaces. Simultaneous use of foam and water on the same surface is to be avoided as water destroys the foam.

UNSUITABLE FIRE EXTINGUISHING MEDIA:

Water may be ineffective but can be used to cool containers exposed to heat or flame.

SPECIFIC HAZARDS ARISING FROM THE CHEMICAL:

Contents under pressure. Keep away from ignition sources and open flames. Exposure of containers to extreme heat and flames can cause them to rupture often with violent force. Aerosol cans may rupture when heated. Heated cans may burst. In fire, will decompose to carbon dioxide, carbon monoxide

SPECIFIC FIRE-FIGHTING METHODS:

Isolate immediate hazard area and keep unauthorized personnel out. Stop spill/release if it can be done safely. Move undamaged containers from immediate hazard area if it can be done safely. Water spray may be useful in minimizing or dispersing vapors and to protect personnel. Dispose of fire debris and contaminated extinguishing water in accordance with official regulations.

SPECIAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT FOR FIREFIGHTERS:

Wear protective pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA)and full turnout gear. Care should always be exercised in dust/mist areas.

6. Accidental Release Measures

EMERGENCY PROCEDURE:

Flammable/combustible material.

ELIMINATE all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Stay upwind; keep out of low areas. Immediately turn off or isolate any source of ignition. Keep unnecessary people away; isolate hazard area and deny entry. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Clean up immediately. Use absorbent sweeping compound to soak up material and put into suitable container for proper disposal.

RECOMMENDED EQUIPMENT:

Positive pressure, full-face piece self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA), or positive pressure supplied air respirator with escape SCBA (NIOSH approved).

PERSONAL PRECAUTIONS:

ELIMINATE all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Use explosion-proof equipment. Avoid breathing vapor. Avoid contact with skin, eye or clothing. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled materials unless wearing appropriate protective clothing.

ENVIRONMENTAL PRECAUTIONS:

Stop spill/release if it can be done safely. Prevent spilled material from entering sewers, storm drains, other unauthorized drainage systems, and natural waterways by using sand, earth, or other appropriate barriers.

7. Handling and Storage

SAFE HANDLING:

For industrial and institutional use only. For use by trained personnel only. Keep away from children. Wash hands after use. Do not get in eyes, on skin or on clothing. Do not breathe vapors or mists. Use good personal hygiene practices.

Eating, drinking and smoking in work areas is prohibited.

Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas.

Evewash stations and showers should be available in areas where this material is used and stored.

VENTILATION REQUIREMENTS:

Use only with adequate ventilation to control air contaminants to their exposure limits. The use of local ventilation is recommended to control emissions near the source.

SAFE STORAGE & INCOMPATIBILITIES:

Keep container(s) tightly closed and properly labeled. Store in cool, dry, well-ventilated areas away from heat, direct sunlight and incompatibilities. Store in approved containers and protect against physical damage. Keep containers securely sealed when not in use. Indoor storage should meet OSHA standards and appropriate fire codes. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed to prevent leakage. Empty container retain residue and may be dangerous. Do not cut, drill, grind, weld, or perform similar operations on or near containers. Do not pressurize containers to empty them. Ground all structures, transfer containers and equipment to conform to the national electrical code. Use procedures that prevent static electrical sparks. Static electricity may accumulate and create a fire hazard. Store at temperatures below 120°F.

8. Exposure Controls / Personal Protection

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT:



EYE/FACE PROTECTION: Chemical goggles, safety glasses with side shields or vented/splash proof goggles. Contact lenses may absorb irritants. Particles may adhere to lenses and cause corneal damage.

SKIN PROTECTION: Wear gloves, long sleeved shirt, long pants and other protective clothing as required to minimize skin contact. Use of gloves approved to relevant standards made from the following materials may provide suitable chemical protection: PVC, neoprene or nitrile rubber gloves. Suitability and durability of a glove is dependent on usage, e.g. frequency and duration of contact, chemical resistance of glove material, glove thickness, dexterity. Always seek advice from glove suppliers. Contaminated gloves should be replaced. Chemical-resistant clothing is recommended to avoid prolonged contact. Avoid unnecessary skin contact.

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION: If engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentrations to a level which is adequate to protect worker, a respiratory protection program that meets or is equivalent to OSHA 29 CFR 1910.134 and ANSI Z88.2 should be followed. Check with respiratory protective equipment suppliers. Where air-filtering respirators are suitable, select an appropriate combination of mask and filter. Select a filter suitable for combined particulate/organic gases and vapors. When spraying more than one-half can continuously or more than one can consecutively, use NIOSH approved respirator.

| | OSHA TWA | OSHA TWA | OSHA STEL | | OSHATabl es-Z1,2,3 | OSHA Carcinoge | | NIOSH TWA | NIOSH TWA | NIOSH STEL | NIOSH STEL | NIOSH Carcinog |
|------------|-------------|-------------|--------------|---------|-----------------------|-------------------|------------|--------------|--------------|---------------|---------------|-------------------|
| | (ppm) | (mg/m3) | (ppm) | (mg/m3) | | n | designatio | (ppm) | (mg/m3) | (ppm) | (mg/m3) | en |
| | | | | | | | n | | | | | |
| ACETONE | 1000 | 2400 | | | 1 | | | 250 | 590 | | | |
| BUTANE | | | | | | | | 800 | 1900 | | | |
| HEXANE | 500 | 1800 | | | 1 | | | 50 | 180 | | | |
| ISOBUTANE | | | | | | | | 800 | 1900 | | | |
| ISOPARAFFI | 500 | 2000 | | | 1 | | | | | | | |
| NIC | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| PETROLEUM | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| DISTILLATE | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| PROPANE | 1000 | 1800 | | | 1 | | | 1000 | 1800 | | | |

| Chemical Name | ACGIH TWA (ppm) | ACGIH TWA (mg/m3) | ACGIH STEL (ppm) | ACGIH STEL (mg/m3) |
|----------------------|--|-------------------|------------------|--------------------|
| ACETONE | 500 | 1188 | 750 | 1782 |
| BUTANE | 1000 | | | |
| HEXANE | 50 | 176 | | |
| ISOBUTANE | 1000 | | | |
| ISOPARAFFINIC | | | | |
| PETROLEUM DISTILLATE | | | | |
| PROPANE | See Appendix F: Minimal Oxygen Content | | | |

9. Physical & Chemical Properties APPEARANCE: FLAMMABILITY(solid/gas): Not available. Flashpoint below 73°F ODOR: Not available. Explosive Limit-Lower (%): 1 ODOR THRESHOLD: Explosive Limit-Upper (%): Not available. 9.5 pH: Not available. VAPOR DENSITY: Slower than ether MELTING POINT: FREEZING POINT: Not available. Not available.

| LOW BOILING POINT: | 1.75°F | HIGH BOILING PONT: | 388°F |
|--|------------------------------|--|---|
| VISCOSITY: | Not available. | SOLUBILITY (water): | Nil |
| EVAPORATION RATE: | Slower than ether | AUTO-IGNITION TEMP: | Not available. |
| DENSITY: | 44.51386 lb/gal | DECOMPOSITION Pt: | 0 |
| % VOC: | 58.99778% | DENSITY VOC: | 26.26219 lb/gal |
| VOC ACTUAL: | 3,146.99780 g/l | VOC ACTUAL: | 26.26219 lb/gal |
| VOC REGULATORY: | 3,146.99780 g/l | VOC REGULATORY: | 26.26219 lb/gal |
| FLASH POINT: | Not available. | FLASH POINT SYMBOL: | Not available. |
| 10 Stability & Departivity Information | | | |
| 10. Stability & Reactivity Information STABILITY: | 1 | | |
| Stable. | | | |
| CONDITIONS TO AVOID: | | | |
| High temperatures. POSSIBILITY OF HAZARDOUS REA | CTIONS/POLYMERIZATIO | N | |
| Will not occur. | | | |
| INCOMPATIBLE MATERIALS: None known. | | | |
| DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS: | | | |
| In fire, will decompose to ca | rbon dioxide, carbon monoxi | ide. | |
| 11. Toxicological Information | | | |
| Skin Corrosion/Irritation: | fattin na fattin | | |
| Overexposure will cause de Causes skin irritation | atting of skin. | | |
| Serious Eye Damage/Irritation: | | | |
| Overexposure will cause rec Causes serious eye irritatior | | l. | |
| Carcinogenicity: | I | | |
| No data available | | | |
| Germ Cell Mutagenicity: No data available | | | |
| Reproductive Toxicity: | | | |
| Suspected of damaging ferti Respiratory/Skin Sensitization: | lity or the unborn child. | | |
| No data available | | | |
| Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Sin | | | |
| May cause drowsiness or di Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Rep | | | |
| May cause damage to organ | | eated exposure. | |
| Aspiration Hazard: May be fatal if swallowed an | d enters ainways | | |
| Acute Toxicity: | a enters anways | | |
| | | | usea, and loss of coordination. Extreme |
| overexposure may result in 0000067-64-1 ACETONE | inconsciousness and possic | biy death. | |
| LC50 (male rat): 30000 ppm | | 71000 mg/m3 (4-hour exposure) (29) | |
| LC50 (male mouse): 18600 LD50 (oral, female rat): 580 | | d as 44000 mg/m3 (4-hour exposure) (| 29) |
| LD50 (oral, mature rat): 670 | 0 mg/kg (cited as 8.5 mL/kg) |) (31) | |
| LD50 (oral, newborn rat): 17 | | g) (31) | |
| LD50 (oral, mouse): 3000 m LD50 (dermal, rabbit): Great | | is 20 mL/kg) (30) | |
| 0000110-54-3 HEXANE | 0.0 | 0, () | |
| LC50 (male rat): 38500 ppm LC50 (rat): 48000 ppm (4-ho | | 77000 ppm (271040 mg/m3) (1-hour e | exposure) (15) |
| LC50 (rat): 73680 ppm (260 | 480 mg/m3) (4-hour exposu | re) (n-hexane and isomers) (1,3) | |
| LD50 (oral, 14-day old rat): | 15840 mg/kg (3) | | |
| LD50 (oral, young rat): 3234 LD50 (oral, adult rat): 28700 | | | |
| 0000075-28-5 ISOBUTANE | | | |
| LC50 (mouse, inhalation): 5. 0000106-97-8 BUTANE | 20,000 ppm (52%); 2-hour e | xposure.(4) | |
| LC50 (mouse): 202000 ppm | | posure); cited as 680 mg/L (2-hour exp | |
| | | ure); cited as 658 mg/L (4- hour expos | ure) (9) |
| POTENTIAL HEALTH EFFECTS: MI 0000067-64-1 ACETONE: The follow | | be aggravated by exposure: lung disea | se, eve disorders, skin disorders |
| Overexposure may cause da | | | bus system, eyes, kidneys, liver, respiratory |
| system, skin. | | | |

12. Ecological Information TOXICITY: No data available. Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects PERSISTENCE AND DEGRADABILITY: No data available. **BIOACCUMULATIVE POTENTIAL:** No data available. MOBILITY IN SOIL: No data available. **OTHER ADVERSE EFFECTS:** No data available. **BIOACCUMULATIVE POTENTIAL:** 0000067-64-1 ACETONE: Does not bioaccumulate 0064742-47-8 ISOPARAFFINIC PETROLEUM DISTILLATE Contains constituents with the potential to bio accumulate. PERSISTENCE AND DEGRADABILITY: 0000067-64-1 ACETONE 91% readily biodegradable, Method: OECD Test Guideline 301B 0064742-47-8 ISOPARAFFINIC PETROLEUM DISTILLATE Expected to be inherently biodegradable. The volatile constituents will oxidize rapidly by photochemical reactions in air. MOBILITY IN SOIL: 0064742-47-8 ISOPARAFFINIC PETROLEUM DISTILLATE Floats on water. Contains volatile constituents. Evaporates within a day from water or soil surfaces. Large volumes may penetrate soil and could contaminate groundwater. 13. Disposal Consideration Water Disposal:

Under RCRA, it is the responsibility of the user of the product to determine a the time of disposal whether the product meets RCRA criteria for hazardous waste. Waste management should be in full compliance with federal, state, and local laws.

Empty containers retain product residue which may exhibit hazards of material, therefore, do not pressurize, cut, glaze, weld or use for any other purposes. Return drums to reclamation centers for proper cleaning and reuse.

14. Transportation Information

U.S. DOT Information:

Consumer Commodity, ORM-D

IMDG Information: Consumer Commodity, ORM-D

IATA Information:

Consumer Commodity, ORM-D

15. Regulatory Information

| 15. Negulatory information | | | |
|----------------------------|--------------|---------|--|
| Chemical Name | CAS Number | % by Wt | Regulation List |
| ACETONE | 0000067-64-1 | 18-32 | CERCLA,SARA312,TSCA,RCRA,ACGIH,OSHA |
| PROPANE | 0000074-98-6 | 5-11 | SARA312,VOC,TSCA,ACGIH,OSHA |
| ISOBUTANE | 0000075-28-5 | 5-11 | SARA312,VOC,TSCA,ACGIH |
| BUTANE | 0000106-97-8 | 13-24 | SARA312,VOC,TSCA,ACGIH |
| HEXANE | 0000110-54-3 | 13-23 | CERCLA, HAPS, SARA312, SARA313, VOC, TSCA, ACGIH, OSHA |
| SILICONE | 0063148-62-9 | 3-6 | SARA312,TSCA |
| ISOPARAFFINIC PETROLEUM | 0064742-47-8 | 4-10 | SARA312,VOC,TSCA,OSHA |
| DISTILLATE | | | |

16. Other Information

Glossary:

* There are points of differences between OSHA GHS and UN GHS. In 90% of the categories, they can be used interchangeably, but for the Skin Corrosion/Irritant Category and the Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Single and Repeated Exposure) Categories. In these cases, our system will say UN GHS.

ACGIH- American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists; ANSI- American National Standards Institute; Canadian TDGCanadian Transportation of Dangerous Goods; CAS- Chemical Abstract Service; Chemtrec- Chemical Transportation Emergency Center (US); CHIP- Chemical Hazard Information and Packaging; DSL- Domestic Substances List; EC- Equivalent Concentration; EH40 (UK)-HSE Guidance Note EH40 Occupational Exposure Limits; EPCRA- Emergency Planning and Community Right-To-Know Act; ESL- Effects screening levels; HMIS- Hazardous Material Information Service; LC- Lethal Concentration; LD- Lethal Dose; NFPA- National Fire Protection Association; OEL- Occupational Exposure Limits; OSHA- Occupational Safety and Health Administration, US Department of Labor; PEL- Permissible Exposure Limit; SARA (Title III)- Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act; SARA 313- Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act, Section 313; SCBA- Self-Contained Breathing Apparatus; STEL- Short Term Exposure Limit; TCEQ

- Texas Commission on Environmental Quality; TLV- Threshold Limit Value; TSCA- Toxic Substances Control Act Public Law 94-469; TWA

- Time Weighted Value; US DOT- US Department of Transportation; WHMIS- Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System.

| NFPA | Health Hazards: 2 | Flammability: 3 | Instability: 0 | Physical & Chemical Properties: |
|------|-------------------|-----------------|---------------------|------------------------------------|
| HMIS | Health Hazards: 2 | Flammability: 3 | Physical hazards: 0 | Personal protection: A |

DISCLAIMER:

To the best of our knowledge, information contained herein is accurate. However, there is no assumption of liability for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein. Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazard, which exists. The information contained in this SDS was obtained from current and reliable sources; however, the data is provided without any warranty, expressed or implied, regarding its correctness or accuracy. Since the conditions or handling, storage and disposal of this product are beyond the control of the manufacturer, the manufacturer will not be responsible for loss, injury, or expense arising out of the products improper use. No warranty, expressed or inferred, regarding the product described in this SDS shall be created or inferred by any statement in this SDS. Various government agencies may have specific regulations regarding the transportation, handling, storage, use, or disposal of this product, which may not be covered by this SDS. The user is responsible for full compliance.